

# **Recasting the Model in Terms of Visits**

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Re-casting the model to focus on visits to shops

Household  $i$  chooses visits  $v_i$  to max. utility  
st. budget constraint, taking as given  
Earnings  $x$  & price  $p$ .

Household's problem

- consumption:  $c_i = y_i - p \cdot v_i = [q(x) - p] \cdot v_i$
- spending/output:  $y_i = q(x) \cdot v_i$

$$\max_{v_i} \frac{x}{1+x} \left[ (q(x) - p) v_i \right]^{\frac{1-\epsilon}{\epsilon}} + \frac{1}{1+x} \left( \frac{m_i}{p} \right)^{\frac{1-\epsilon}{\epsilon}}$$

$$\text{st. } m_i + p \cdot q(x) v_i = n_i + p f(x) k_i$$

$$\hookrightarrow \max_{v_i} \frac{x}{1+x} \left[ (q(x) - p) v_i \right]^{\frac{1-\epsilon}{\epsilon}} + \frac{1}{1+x} \left[ -q(x) v_i + \frac{n_i}{p} + f(x) k_i \right]^{\frac{1-\epsilon}{\epsilon}}$$

(concave maximization problem)

$$\text{Foc: } \frac{-\epsilon}{1+x} \cdot \frac{\epsilon-1}{\epsilon} \left[ q(x) - p \right]^{\frac{1-\epsilon}{\epsilon}} v_i = \frac{-1}{1+x} \left[ \frac{q(x)}{\epsilon} \right]^{\frac{1-\epsilon}{\epsilon}} \cdot \left[ -q(x) v_i + \frac{n_i}{p} + f(x) k_i \right]^{\frac{1-\epsilon}{\epsilon}}$$

$$v_i = \frac{x}{q(x)^\epsilon} \left[ q(x) - p \right]^{\frac{1-\epsilon}{\epsilon}} \left[ f(x) k_i + \frac{n_i}{p} - q(x) v_i \right]$$

$$\left[ 1 + x^{\frac{\epsilon}{q(x)}} \left[ q(x) - p \right]^{\frac{1-\epsilon}{\epsilon}} \right] \cdot v_i = \frac{x^\epsilon}{q(x)^\epsilon} \left[ q(x) - p \right]^{\frac{1-\epsilon}{\epsilon}} \left[ f(x) k_i + \frac{n_i}{p} \right]$$

$$U_i(x, p) = \frac{x^\varepsilon (q(x) - p)^{\varepsilon-1} q(x)^{-\varepsilon}}{1 + x^\varepsilon (q(x) - p)^{\varepsilon-1} q(x)^{1-\varepsilon}} \left[ f(x) k_{i-1} + \frac{w_i}{p} \right]$$

$$q(x) v_i(x, p) = \frac{x^\varepsilon (q(x) - p)^{\varepsilon-1} q(x)^{1-\varepsilon}}{1 + x^\varepsilon (q(x) - p)^{\varepsilon-1} q(x)^{1-\varepsilon}} \left[ \underbrace{f(x) k_{i-1}}_{y_i(x)} + \frac{w_i}{p} \right]$$

$\uparrow$

$\uparrow$

$\sigma(x) = MPS$

[ initial wealth  
 + income ]

Aggregate number of options  $V(x, p) = \sum_i v_i(x, p)$

$$q(x) V(x, p) = \sigma(x) \left[ f(x) \cdot k + \frac{w}{p} \right]$$

$\downarrow$

same as AD curve