

# **Optimal Response to Unemployment Fluctuations**

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## Optimal nominal interest rate $i^*$

$$i^* = i - \frac{[u - u^*]}{du/di}$$

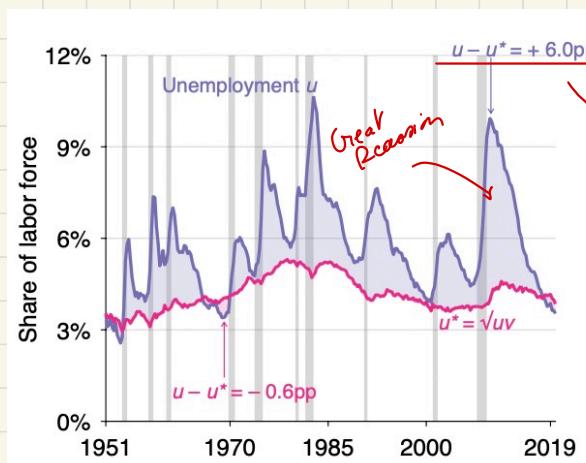
Midrange estimate of monetary multiplier.  $du/di = 0.5$

$$i^* = i - 2 \times (u - u^*)$$

↳ for any unemployment gap (pp), the optimal response of monetary policy is  $2 \times \text{gap}$

↳ ex: if unemployment gap is -1 pp, FFR should increase by 2 pp

US



FFR should drop by  $6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ pp}$ . But FFR = 5% in 2008  $\Rightarrow$  FFR should be < 0  
 $\Rightarrow$  ZLB is binding