

# **Sufficient-Statistic Formula for Optimal Monetary Policy**

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# Divine Beveridge-Wichsell framework

Optimal monetary policy:  $i^* = \text{optimal nominal interest rate}$

$$u(i^*) = u^*$$

Sufficient-statistic formula: Given current  $u, i$ .

gives the optimal nominal interest rate  $i^*$

→ give optimal policy to Fed given current situation

Derivation of formula      Fisher-order Taylor

expansion around  $i^*$  &  $u(i^*) = u^*$

$$u(i) = u(i^*) + \frac{du}{di} \times [i - i^*]$$

Beveridge  
↑  
Wicksell

(up to 2nd order term)

$$u = u^* + \frac{du}{di} (i - i^*)$$

$$i - i^* = \frac{u - u^*}{du/di}$$

$$i^* = i - \frac{u - u^*}{du/di} \quad \textcircled{+}$$

$i$  current nominal interest rate (FFR)  
 $i^*$  optimal \_\_\_\_\_ (target)  
 $u - u^*$ : unemployment gap  
 $du/di$ : monetary multiplier

( $\cdot u - \sqrt{u_0}$   
 $\cdot$  more sophisticated formula)

$\Delta$  in unemployment (pp) when nominal interest rate increased by 1 pp.

$\hookrightarrow du/di > 0$  bc higher  $i$  leads to higher  $u$